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Date: 17 July 17 12

Commander-in-Chief Pacific Ocean Areas



CAMPAIGN PLAN GRANITE II

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UNITED STATES PACIFIC FLEET "AND PACIFIC OCEAN AREAS! HEADQUARTERS OF THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF



3 June 1944

(to be shown only to those who must see it for further study)

GRANITE II

- tions of the Pacific Ocean Areas during 1944 and early 1945 eventually to establish forces in position to force the surrender of JAPAN has been submitted to the Commander in Chief, U. S. Fleet and Chief of Naval Operations in compliance with his directive. It is based on the strategic concept approved by the Combined Chiefs of Staff on 23 December 1943 and the directive contained in Joint Chiefs of Staff 713/4 of 12 March 1944.
- The Plan is issued for the information of the major commanders concerned. Pending action by higher authority it will be utilized as a guide to long range planning. It will be used as a basis for acquiring and preparing forces; and for providing means for their logistic support.
- 3. The plan is not in itself a directive. Operations required will be covered by specific directives.

C. H. McMORRIS Chief of Staff

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O. L. THORNE, Flag Secretary.

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OUTLINE PLAN FOR OPERATIONS OF THE PACIFIC OCEAN AREAS

TO

ESTABLISH FORCES IN POSITION TO FORCE THE SURRENDER OF JAPAN

PART I --- CONCEPT

A STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

To secure control of sea and air communications through
the Central Pacific by isolating and neutralizing the CAROLINES
and by establishment of sea and air bases for operations against
Japanese sea and air routes.

To extend the control of the eastern approaches to the PHILIPPINES and FORMOSA, and to establish fleet and air bases and forward staging areas for the support of operations against MINDANAO, FORMOSA, and CHINA.

To obtain positions from which the ultimate surrender of JAPAN can be forced by intensive air bombardment, by sea and air blockade, and by invasion if necessary. The ultimate strategic objective is to establish our sea and air power, and if necessary our amphibious forces, in those positions and force the unconditional surrender of JAPAN.

B. TASKS

1. General Tasks

To maintain and extend unremitting pressure against JAPAN.

To apply the maximum attrition to JAPAN's air force, naval forces, and shipping by all possible means in all possible areas.

To establish and protect sea and air communications which support the positions occupied by all our forces in the Pacific Ocean,

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2. Specific Tasks

To neutralize TRUM and other enemy bases in the eastern and central CAROLINES.

To cover and support operations in the Southwest Pacific Area.

To seize the southern MARIANAS.

To initiate bombing of JAPAN from bases in the MARIANAS.

To seize PALAU.

To occupy the MARIANAS-PALAU line.

To support the occupation of MINDANAO, and also the occupation of LUZON if such operations prove necessary.

To occupy southern FORMOSA and to establish a base on the coast of CHINA.

To support strategically the operations of the Southwest Pacific Area by covering, and by destroying or containing enemy fleet forces.

To develop sea and air communications with RUSSIA and make preparations for operations in the North Pacific in the event that RUSSIA enters the war against JAPAN.

3. Eventual Tasks

In cooperation with the Southwest Pacific Area, to establish sea and air forces in the FORMOSA-LUZON-CHINA area.

To destroy Japanese sea communications by air, surface, and sub-surface attack.

To subject JAPAN to intensive air bombardment.

C. CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS

The conduct of operations will be designed to:

- a. Destroy the Japanese Fleet at an early date.
- <u>b</u>. Inflict the maximum attrition on enemy air forces.



- c. Intensify air, submarine, and mining operations against enemy shipping and lines of communication.
- d. Enable us to launch shore based and carrier based air attack on JAPAN.
 - e. Keep CHINA in the war.
- f. Insure that the sequence of operations remains flexible and that preparations are made to take any short cut made possible by developments in the situation.
- g. Take advantage of the earliest practicable reorientation of forces from the European Theater.

The naval strength currently or prospectively available in the Pacific is not sufficient to carry on the operations projected for 1944 and early 1945 without careful timing.

Major Southwest Pacific operations will require cover or support from units of the Pacific Fleet. Likewise, if the operations in the Central Pacific are to progress effectively, and with the momentum necessary, there must be a pooling of assault shipping and at times strong shore based air support from NEW GUINEA or the BISMARCKS. During the later phases of the campaign, strong shore based air support from CHINA will also be required.

Accordingly, close coordination must exist between the advance of the Southwest Pacific Area along the NEW GUINEA - N.E.I. - PHILIPPINE axis and of the PACIFIC OCEAN AREA westward through the MARSHALLS and the MARIANAS, and southwestward along the MARIANAS-PALAU line, and thence into the vital LUZON - FORMOSA - CHINA COAST area, not only with respect to mutual support, but also with respect to sequence and timing in order that the Pacific Fleet may always be available to contain or destroy such enemy fleet forces as threaten interference.



CCS 417/2 of 23 December 1943 is quoted in part as follows: "CONCEPT WITHIN THE PACIFIC"

The advance along the NEW GUINEA - N. E. I. - PHILIPPINE axis will proceed concurrently with operations for the capture of the MANDATED ISLANDS. These two series of operations will be mutually supporting. United Nations naval forces can be deployed to support successive operations along each axis, and to prevent interference by hostile surface units with simultaneous operations in the two areas. Transfer of forces and resources from one area to the other is contemplated.

When conflicts in timing and allocations of means exist, due weight should be accorded to the fact that operations in the Central Pacific promise at this time a more rapid advance toward JAPAN and her vital lines of communication; the earlier acquisition of strategic air bases closer to the Japanese homeland; and, of greatest importance, are more likely to precipitate a decisive engagement with the Japanese Fleet.

The aim should be to advance along the NEW GUINEA - N.E.I.
- PHILIPPINE axis and to complete the capture of the MANDATED
ISLANDS in time to launch a major assault in the FORMOSA LUZON - CHINA area in the spring of 1945 (i.e., before the onset of the typhoon season) from a distant base."

The neutralization of TRUK will be continued by aerial bombardment intensified to the greatest practicable degree, from shore bases in the MARSHALLS and the BISMARCKS, by carrier strikes and by submarine and surface attacks on supporting shipping. The neutralization of PONAPE, KUSAIE, and NAURU ISLANDS will continue. The neutralization of TRUK and the lesser positions to the eastward will eventually be completed after they have been isolated by the occupation of the MARIANAS and PALAU.



The seizure of GUAM and the Japanese MARIANAS will be accomplished by an amphibious operation mounted in the HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, the MARSHALLS, and the SOLOMONS. The naval covering, striking, and support forces will be based in the MARSHALLS. Long range aircraft to cover the operation will be based in the MARSHALLS and staged through ENIWETOK. Long range aircraft from the BISMARCKS will support the operation by attacks on enemy bases in the CAROLINES and by reconnaissance as required.

SATPAN and GUAM will be captured initially and their air bases activated immediately. TINIAN will then be captured. After capture, the three islands will be developed as a base for long range aircraft and for light naval forces and submarines. Staging facilities will also be developed for use in further operations.

If the strength of the expeditionary troops and supporting forces available in the forward area after the capture of the MARIANAS permits, and the strategic situation is otherwise favorable, a position in the western CAROLINES will be seized and occupied immediately in order to hasten the complete iso-' lation of TRUK and to establish communications between the MARIANAS and ADMIRALTIES.

The seizure of PALAU will be accomplished by a major amphibious operation mounted in HAWAII and the SOLOMONS. The operation will be preceded by sustained long range air attacks against TRUK, WOLEAI, HAIMAHERA, MINDANAO, and PALAU itself. The assistance of the air forces of the Southwest Pacific Area will be a dominant factor in these preliminary air attacks.

Naval covering, striking, and supporting forces will be based in the ADMIRALTIES and the MARSHALLS. After capture, PALAU will be developed as a base from which to attack Japanese sea and air communications, and also as a forward staging area to support further advances into the PHILIPPINES, FORMOSA, and



Occupation of the MARIANAS-PALAU line will be completed by the occupation or neutralization of YAP and by the occupation of ULITHI.

General strategic support of the operations of the SOUTH-WEST PACIFIC AREA will be furnished by the projected operations of the Pacific Fleet and other units of the Central Pacific Force in the MANDATES, to the extent that they contain or destroy enemy naval and air forces. In addition, the operations of carrier striking forces and heavy covering forces will be timed so as to prevent enemy fleet forces from interfering with operations in the Southwest Pacific during critical periods.

The occupation of MINDANAO is expected to be initiated by the forces of the Southwest Pacific as soon as practicable after the seizure of PALAU. During the period in which the forces of the Pacific Ocean Areas are occupying the MARIANAS-PALAU line, the forces of the Southwest Pacific will have moved westward along the coast of NEW GUINEA as rapidly as availability of forces permits, assault shipping being a dominant factor in the scope of operations. It is expected that assault shipping from the Pacific Fleet will be reallocated as necessary for the MINDANAO operation, and that the Pacific Fleet units will, from positions to the eastward of SARANGANI ISLANDS cover and support the operation.

After MINDANAO has been occupied, the forces of the Pacific Ocean Areas will be prepared to undertake the seizure of southern FORMOSA and AMOY, or to support the occupation of LUZON by forces of the Southwest Pacific Area should such operations prove necessary prior to the move on FORMOSA and the CHINA COAST.



The occupation of LUZON, if required, will involve a major amphibious assault on the west coast of LUZON following the seizure of intermediate objectives in the Central PHILIPPINES by minor amphibious and air-borne operations. A subsidiary landing on the east coast of LUZON may also be involved. The support of such operations may involve the projection of PACIFIC FLEET units into the SOUTH CHINA SEA for covering, striking, and direct support. The establishment of sufficient beachheads may require the use of one or more amphibious corps from the PACIFIC OCEAN AREAS.

The occupation of Southern FORMOSA, and seizure of a base on the CHINA Coast whether undertaken prior to or following the occupation of LUZON, will involve major amphibious assaults which must be preceded by the destruction of enemy naval and air forces to a degree which permits our seizing and maintaining control of the air and sea in the area. These operations without the prior occupation of LUZON presuppose that air forces operating from the southern PHILIPPINES will neutralize the Japanese air bases in LUZON, and that our air forces operating from bases on the Asiatic mainland will effectively support the attacks.

The magnitude of the forces required for the attack on FORMOSA and AMOY will necessitate the use of widely separated mounting areas including the MARIANAS, PALAU, HAWAII, and the SOUTH PACIFIC.

The ports of FORMOSA are of such limited size that the Port of AMOY must also be seized to obtain an adequate fleet anchorage, and such a seizure becomes an integral feature of the FORMOSA operation.

-7- ARMED FORCES STAFF COLLEGE

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The establishment of major naval and air forces in FORMOSAand AMOY will effectively sever Japanese sea communication between the EMPIRE and the PHILIPPINES, MALAYA, and the NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES; will increase the effectiveness of bombing
operations against JAPAN; and will place our forces in position
to operate along the coast of CHINA with secure sea communications.

The North Pacific Force will carry out naval surface and submarine action, including raids on the Japanese fishing fleet. Base facilities and defensive installations in the ALEUTIANS will be augmented in preparation for entry into the KURILES and SOVIET territory in the event of Soviet collaboration. Preparations will be made for executing very long range bombing against the KURILES and northern JAPAN. In the event of the U.S.S.R. entering the war, operations in the NORTH PACIFIC will assume greatly increased importance and may involve a major redeployment of forces.

During periods between amphibious operations, carrier striking forces will be employed to deliver destructive attacks on selected vital targets in a manner calculated to reduce enemy naval and air strength, to prepare for further operations, and to disorganize the enemy defensive preparations.

All operations will be so conducted as to maintain maximum readiness to take advantage of opportunities to bring important enemy naval forces to action.

Throughout the campaign the submarines available will be used primarily to inflict attrition on naval forces and shipping and will be diverted to scouting, observation, and rescue services only in cases of urgent necessity. However, full use of submarines will be made in coordination with other naval forces in attacks on enemy bases and on enemy naval forces.

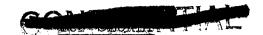


D. SEQUENCE AND TIMING.

The sequence and timing of operations projected for the PACIFIC OCEAN AREAS, and of SOUTHWEST PACIFIC operations requiring the support of major Pacific Fleet units, is tentatively set as follows:

Operation		Tentative Target Date
FORAGER	Capture of SAIPAN, GUAM, and TINIAN.	15 June 1944
STALEMATE	Capture of PALAU	8 September 1944
INSURGENT .	Occupation of MINDANAO	15 November 1944
CAUSEWAY	Capture of Southern FORMOSA and AMOY or	15 February 1945
INDUCTION	Capture of LUZON	15 February 1945

The foregoing sequence and timing may be accelerated if the overall strategic situation develops in a more favorable manner than now seems likely. A major fleet action, although it may delay one operation for a brief period, will greatly accelerate those which follow.



PART II -- OPERATIONS

A. FORAGER

ASSUMPTIONS.

That HOLLANDIA, WAKDE, the ADMIRALTIES, and EMIRAU are available as bases.

Attacks to neutralize enemy air bases at NAURU, WAKE, PONAPE and in the MARSHALLS are continuing.

That TRUK has been subjected to destructive carrier attacks and sustained bombing from bases in the MARSHALLS and BISMARCKS.

That our sea and air forces have been able to prevent effective use of TRUX by major units of the Japanese Fleet and can maintain air superiority and control of the sea in the area of operations.

PURPOSES.

To establish bases from which to:

- (a) Attack Japanese sea and air communications.
- (b) Support operations for the neutralization of TRUK.
- (c) Initiate bombing of JAPAN.
- (d) Support further advance into the PALAUS, PHILIPPINES, FORMOSA and CHINA.

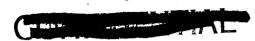
To maintain unremitting military pressure against JAPAN.

To extend our control over the WESTERN PACIFIC.

TASKS.

- a. Capture, occupy, and defend SAIPAN, GUAM and TINIAN and develop bases in these islands.
- <u>b</u>. Prepare to capture, occupy, defend and develop and additional secondary base in the Western CAROLINES using forces provided for Task a.
 - c. Gain control of the remaining JAPANESE MARIANAS.

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CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS.

The use of TRUK by major units of the Japanese Fleet is being severely limited by shore based bombing and intermittent carrier attacks.

Naval surface forces and submarines will be employed to attack the sea communications of TRUK to prevent its use as a fleet base and to prevent the adequate logistic support of its defense forces. Concurrent with the operations to deny the effective use of TRUK to the enemy fleet there will be conducted from ENIWETOK long range reconnaissance of the MARIANAS and such bombing attacks as may be found practicable. Heavy carrier attacks may be made against either or both objectives at such times as availability of forces permits and profitable targets are presented.

Preliminary operations and dispositions of amphibious forces will be such as to avoid positive indication of the objective for the operation proper.

Intensive attacks by carrier aviation and naval gunfire in direct support of the assault on the MARIANAS will commence about D-3 and will continue throughout the operation.

Assault forces will include the Fifth Amphibious Corps consisting of the 2d and 4th Marine Division and the 27th Infantry Division mounted in HAWAII, and the Third Amphibious Corps consisting of the 3d Marine Division and the 4th and 22d Marine regiments (reinforced) mounted in the SOLOMONS Area. Units mounted in the SOLOMONS will effect a rendezvous in the western MARSHALLS with forces from HAWAII.

The Seventy Seventh Infantry Division will be prepared to embark in assault shipping returned to PEARL after the initial assault. The earliest estimated date of readiness for departure is D plus 25.



The scheme of maneuver in the MARIANAS must provide for the initial capture of one or more airfields and the rapid neutralization of others in order to insure early superiority of shore based air facilities. It must also provide for the early availability of the best harbor in the area. The seizure of SAIPAN will meet the first requirement. The seizure of the vicinity of APRA harbor will assist in meeting the first requirement and will also meet the second.

The task of seizing a secondary base in the CARCLINES will be accomplished if forces are available after completion of the capture of the MARIANAS. Its accomplishment is therefore included in the scheme of maneuver for the capture, occupation, and defense of the MARIANAS. No assault, garrison or service troops will be provided. The capture and development of an additional base if undertaken will be accomplished with ground forces not committed in the MARIANAS or forces released therefrom.

Although extension of control along the line GUAM - ULITHI - YAP - PALAU should follow the capture of the MARIANAS as expeditiously as possible, it is not included in the scheme of maneuver. It is however indicated as the most desirable employment for reserve forces not otherwise required to be committed.

The scheme of maneuver will consist of four phases as follows:

lst Phase - Capture of SAIPAN, activation of airfields and neutralization of TINIAN by air and artillery. Capture PORT APRA, GUAM, and the land areas which dominate it.

2nd Phase - Capture of the remainder of GUAM.

3rd Phase - Capture of TINIAN supported by shore based air from SAIPAN. This phase may be concurrent with the 2d phase.

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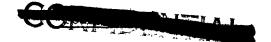
4th Phase - (Contingent) Capture WOLEAI.

An essential to the eventual successful development of GUAM and the Japanese MARIANAS as a base area is the prompt and energetic initiation of special measures to clear and improve the limited anchorage areas and port facilities available in the area, and to provide such anti-submarine protection as is practicable for the anchorages.

FORCES REQUIRED

See Appendices A, B and C.

Pac-121-jh В. STALEMATE ASSUMPTIONS That GUAM, TINIAN and SAIPAN have been captured and are available as anchorages and air bases. That WOLEAI has been captured or is being neutralized. That a fleet anchorage and air base are available at MANUS ISLAND and an air base is available at EMIRAU. Enemy air bases at NAURU, WAKE, PONAPE, and in the MARSHALLS have been neutralized. That TRUK has been subjected to destructive carrier attacks and sustained bombing from bases in the MARSHALLS and BISMARCKS. That the forces of the SOUTHWEST PACIFIC AREA have secured control of the BISMARCK ARCHIPELAGO and the north coast of NEW GUINEA to include GEELVINK BAY and the VOGELKOP. That airfields are in operation on the north coast of NEW GUINEA as far west as BIAK. That our sea and air forces have been able to prevent effective use of TRUK by major units of the Japanese Fleet and can maintain air superiority and control of the sea in the area of operations. PURPOSES To establish bases from which to: (1) Attack Japanese sea and air communications. (2) Support operations for the neutralization of TRUK. (3) Support further advances into the PHILIPPINES, FORMOSA and CHINA. To maintain unremitting military pressure against JAPAN. To extend our control over the WESTERN PACIFIC. - 14 ·



TASKS.

- a. Destroy or contain Japanese naval and air forces in the MANDATED ISLANDS.
- b. Capture, occupy, defend the PALAU ISLANDS and develop bases in these islands.

CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS.

The initial carrier attacks on TRUK and the MARIANAS in February, followed by the bombing of TRUK, PONAPE, SATAWAN, and WOLEAI by shore based aircraft from the MARSHALLS, the BISMARCKS and NEW GUINEA, served to weaken the enemy air force in the CAROLINES. They served to destroy installations and to reduce the effectiveness of the enemy air bases in the CAROLINES. They also served to prevent further use of TRUK as a base for major units of the Japanese Fleet.

The carrier attack on PALAU, YAP, and WOLEAI in late March, followed by the carrier attack on TRUK, SATAWAN, and PONAPE, together with surface bombardment of the last two objectives in early May, have served to hasten the neutralization of the enemy positions in the Central and Eastern CAROLINES. Their neutralization will be made even more effective by the cumulative effect of the sustained bombing by air forces operating from the MARSHALLS, the BISMARCKS, and eventually from the western NEW GUINEA Area.

After the occupation of the MARIANAS, followed by the occupation of the VOGELKOP, the Central CAROLINES will be cut off from the northwest and from the southwest and the line of communications via PALAU and WOLEAI will be subjected to sustained bombing at effective distances from bases in the MARIANAS and from bases in northern and western NEW GUINEA. These opera-

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tions, together with those of surface ships and submarines will effectively neutralize all enemy positions east of the line YAP-PALAU-HALMAHERA.

The use of PALAU as a fleet base ceased when the enemy forces present were driven out by the carrier attack in late March. The bombing to be initiated by the Southwest Pacific forces when the Western NEW GUINEA airdromes are ready will be intensified when the BIAK airdromes are occupied and activated. Incident to this bombing extensive photographic reconnaissance of PALAU will be accomplished. After the airdromes at GUAM are activated, PALAU will become a primary objective for the heavy bomber groups in the MARIANAS.

The seizure of PALAU will be accomplished in close coordination with the advance of the forces of the Southwest Pacific area along the NEW GUINEA-PHILIPPINES axis. If this advance involves a simultaneous movement into HAIMAHERA, operations will be so conducted as to obtain a maximum of mutual support and the operations of the striking and covering forces will, in particular, be so conducted as to support both the HAIMAHERA and the PALAU operations.

and of western NEW GUINEA will have created a situation in which an enemy naval threat must come from the northwest passing east of MINDANAO, from the CELEBES SEA, or from the southwestward through the BANDA SEA. The routes of approach other than from the northwest can be effectively covered by searches from NEW GUINEA and from Northwest AUSTRALIA. Striking forces which attack enemy forces and bases in the DAVAO region are in suitable position to interpose against any enemy forces which

approach from north and east of MINDANAO.

The assault on PALAU will be made by the Third Amphibious Corps, to which will be attached the headquarters and corps troops, Twenty-fourth Army Corps, the Seventh, Seventy-seventh, and Eighty-first Infantry Divisions, and the First Marine Division, with the Twenty-seventh Infantry Division in reserve. The First Marine Division will be mounted in the South Pacific. The Twenty-fourth Corps Headquarters and the three infantry

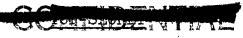
The operations for the capture of PALAU will be conducted in two phases, as follows:

divisions will be mounted in HAWAII. The Twenty-seventh Infantry

(a) Bombardment and Reconnaissance Phase.

Division will be held in reserve in the SOUTH PACIFIC.

- (1) Continued neutralization of enemy positions in the Eastern and Central CAROLINES, and in the MARSHALLS, including WAKE.
- (2) Sustained bombing of PALAU, HALMAHERA, and DAVAO from bases in Western NEW GUINEA.
- (3) Intensified bombing of PALAU and YAP from GUAM as soon as bases in the MARIANAS are activated.
- (4) Continued reconnaissance of PALAU incident to bombing operations.
- (5) Intensified submarine attack on the sea communications of PALAU.
- (6) Air and surface bombardment of PALAU and supporting bases by carrier task forces commencing on D-3 and continuing through D-1.
- (7) A strong carrier task force attack on DAVAO on D-1 and D day.
 - (8) Fleet action against any enemy surface units which



enter the area.

(b) Landing Phase.

- (1) Final bombardment of assault objectives on D day by carrier based aircraft, and by heavy concentrations of surface fire support groups closely synchronized with landing operations to capture PELELIU and NGESEBUS ISLANDS and establish beachheads on northern BABELTHUAP ISLAND.
- (2) Occupation and development of KOSSOL ROADS as a fleet anchorage.
- (3) Improvement of the beachhead and development of unloading facilities to support the landing operation and the essential base developments in northern BABELTHUAP.

 Fleet services will be provided afloat in KOSSOL ROADS and NGARDMAU BAY by appropriate units of the Service Force.
- (4) Operations ashore to complete the capture of BABELTHUAP ISLAND.
- (5) Landing operations to seize islands in MALAKAL HARBOR area, supported by aircraft, surface fire support groups, and field artillery emplaced ashore.
- (6) Develop permanent base facilities in MALAKAL HARBOR KOROR area.

Subsequent to the capture of the PALAUS, naval forces of sufficient strength for protection against hostile naval or air action will remain in the area until airfields are activated and adequate protection by shore based aviation is established.

Two Army Divisions will remain at PALAU temporarily for rehabilitation and as major components of the defensive garrison. The 1st Marine Division, one Army Division, and corps troops in excess of the number that can be rehabilitated at PALAU will be moved to the South Pacific for rehabilitation.

FORCES REQUIRED

See Apendices A, B and C.



C. CAUSEWAY

ASSUMPTIONS

That the strength of the Japanese naval and air forces has been reduced during 1944 to a degree which permits our seizing and maintaining control of the air and sea in the area.

That we have secured our sea communications by establishing control of the MARIANAS-CAROLINES-PALAU area.

That PALAU is in our possession and has been developed . as an air base, advanced fleet base, and forward staging area for the support of this operation.

That Southwest Pacific air forces operating from the southern PHILIPPINES will support the capture of FORMOSA by neutralizing Japanese forces in the northern PHILIPPINES to an extent which makes the capture of LUZON prior to the move on FORMOSA unnecessary.

That our operations against FORMOSA will be effectively supported by our air forces operating from bases on the Asiatic mainland.

PURPOSES

To establish bases from which to:

- (1) Bomb JAPAN.
- (2) Support further advance into CHINA.
- (3) Sever Japanese sea and air communications between the EMPIRE and the PHILIPPINES, MALAYA, and the NETHER-LANDS EAST INDIES.

To establish secure sea and air communications to the coast of CHINA.

To deprive the JAPANESE of the resources of FORMOSA and SOUTH CHINA.

To maintain unremitting military pressure against JAPAN.

COR SECRETALITIAL

TASK

Capture, occupy, defend, and develop southern FORMOSA and the port of AMOY.

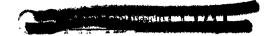
CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS

The capture and occupation of FORMOSA and AMOY, which together form one strategic entity, requires that our forces establish undisputed control of the sea and air in the area of the operations concerned. Accordingly, the movement into FORMOSA and AMOY will be preceded by shore based air operations as follows:

- (a) Preliminary reconnaissance of the objectives by air forces based on the Asiatic mainland, supplemented as necessary by those based in the southern PHILIPPINES.
- (b) Destructive attacks on the main Japanese islands. by very long range bombers operating from CHINA and the MARIANAS.
- (c) Destructive attacks on the Japanese air forces and bases in FORMOSA, AMOY, and the PESCADORES by air forces based in CHINA.
- (d) Neutralization of the enemy air bases in LUZON by air forces based in MINDANAO.

Prior to amphibious operations against FORMOSA strong carrier attacks will be made as necessary against critical objectives in LUZON, in the RYUKYUS, and possibly in the main Japanese islands in order to destroy enemy forces and installations and avoid early disclosure of our intentions to the enemy. Carrier attacks against objectives on FORMOSA, AMOY, and in the PESCADORES will be deferred until shortly before the amphibious assault.

Prior to the operations, the sea communications of FORMOSA and the PESCADORES will be destroyed to the maximum extent practicable by the operations of submarines and by surface and air attacks on shipping.



The passage of the attack force north of LUZON and the approach to FORMOSA will be covered by further intensified attacks on such enemy air bases in LUZON and in FORMOSA as may continue to be effective.

The scheme of maneuver is designed to gain possession as soon as possible of an adequate fleet anchorage at AMOY, and also sufficient airdrome capacity in FORMOSA, together with unloading facilities adequate to support its development, to insure positive control of the air in the area.

PHASE I

Commencing on D-3 day, initiate intensive attacks by carrier aviation and naval gunfire in preparation for the assault.

Commencing on D-day, employing one amphibious corps of two Marine divisions and one infantry division, and one Army corps of three infantry divisions, capture, occupy, defend, and develop the western coastal plain of FORMOSA as far north as the SOBUNKKEI RIVER.

PHASE II

Commencing on approximately D plus 20 and employing an amphibious corps of two harine divisions, and three Marine regimental combat teams, seize AMOY, QUEMOY, and adjacent islands and establish defenses to secure the harbor against attack from sea or shore.

Air bases will be activated as rapidly as possible in southwestern FORMOSA to support a force of twelve fighter squadrons, four light bomber squadrons, four medium bomber

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squadrons, eight heavy bomber squadrons, twenty-four very long range bomber squadrons, four heavy search squadrons, one long range photographic squadron; four troop carrier squadrons, and three squadrons of patrol seaplanes.

Bases will be activated in the vicinity of AMOY for eight fighter squadrons, four light bomber squadrons, one photographic squadron, two squadrons of patrol seaplanes, and eventually for two carrier air groups.

The air force to be based ashore in the two areas will total approximately 1,200 airplanes.

The port of TAKAO will be developed to the extent necessary to accommodate shipping to support assault and garrison forces, planned developments in the area, and also to mount forces for subsequent operations. The port of AMOY will be developed as an advanced fleet base with port facilities to provide logistic support for major fleet units and also occupation forces.

It is estimated that the seizure and occupation of southern FORMOSA will require the employment of expeditionary troops consisting of two corps of three divisions each, with supporting and service troops, and that the seizure of AMOY will require an amphibious corps of the equivalent of three divisions. Tentative composition of major units and mounting areas are as follows:

COMPANY

CORPS	PRINCIPAL	MOUNTING	TIME OF			
	TROOPS	AREAS	LANDING			
III Amphibious	lst MarDiv	SOPAC)	D day			
Corps to	2nd MarDiv	MARIANAS)				
FORMOSA	96th InfDiv	HAWAII)				
XXIV Army Corps to FORMOSA	7th InfDiv 27th InfDiv 81st InfDiv	PALAU) SOPAC)	D day			
V Amphibious Corps to FORMOSA	4th MarDiv 5th MarDiv Three Marine RCTs	HAWAII) HAWAII) SOPAC)	D plus 20			

FORCES REQUIRED

See Appendices A, B, and C.



APPENDIX A

Summary of Ground Forces

FORAGER

Mounted Unit

Assault

IIAWAII V Amphibious Corps

IIAWAH Corps Troops

IIAWAH 2nd Marine Division

IIAWAH 4th Marine Division

IIAWAII 27th Infantry Division

3 JASCOs

SOUTH PACIFIC III Amphibious Corps

SOUTH PACIFIC Corps Troops

SOUTH PACIFIC 3rd Marine Division

SOUTH PACIFIC lst Marine Provisional Brigade

4th Marines

22nd Marines

2 JASCOs

18th Marine Defense Bn

Garrison

SOUTH PACIFIC 9th Marine Defense Bn

SOUTH PACIFIC 14th Marine Defense Bn (plus 1 90mm Btry)

ILAWAH 17th Marine Defense Bn (less 155mm gun group)

WEST COAST

ILAWAII 4 AAA Gun Battalions (less 2 batteries)

HAWAII 3 AAA AWpns battalions

HAWAII 2 SL Batteries

IIAWAH 2 C.A. battalions (155mm gun) SM

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STALEMATE

<u>Unit</u> <u>Mounted</u>

Assault

III Amphibious Corps SOUTH PACIFIC

Corps Troops SOUTH PACIFIC

1st Marine Division SOUTH PACIFIC

81st Infantry Division HAWAII

2 JASCOs

XXIV Army Corps HAWAII

Corps Troops HAWAII

7th Infantry Division HAWAII

77th Infantry Division HAWAII

2 JASCOs

Garrison

3rd Marine AA Battalion SOUTH PACIFIC

5th Marine AA Battalion HAWAII

2 AAA gun Eattalions (reinforced) HAWAII

4 C.A. battalions (155mm) SM HAWAII

CAUSEWAY

<u>Unit</u> <u>Mounted</u>

Assault

Expeditionary Troop Headquaters HAWAII and U.S.

III Amphibious Corps SOUTH PACIFIC

Corps Troops SOUTH PACIFIC

1st Marine Division . SOUTH PACIFIC

2d Marine Division MARIANAS

96th Infantry Division HAWAII

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3 JASCOs

Unit Mounted

<u>Assault</u>

V Amphibious Corps HAWAII√

Corps Troops HAWAII

4th Marine Division HAWAII

5th Marine Division HAWAII

Separate Regimental Combat Teams SOUTH PACIFIC

4th Marines

22d Marines

29th Marines

3 JASCOs

XXIV Army Corps . PALAUS

Corps Troops PALAUS

7th Infantry Division PALAUS

27th Infantry Division SOUTH PACIFIC

81st Infantry Division SOUTH PACIFIC

3 JASCOs

Additional expeditionary force troops (Army) HAWAII and U.S.

Garrison

4th Marine AA Battalion SOUTH PACIFIC.

llth Marine AA Battalion SOUTH PACIFIC

2d Marine AA Battalion HAWAII

13th Marine AA Battalion HAWAII

15th Marine AA Battalion HAWAII

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Unit	Mounted
16th Marine AA Battalion	HAWAII
8 AAA Gun battalions (reinforced) Army	HAWAII
4 155mm Gun battalions S.C. Army	HAWAII
3 Marine 155mm Gun battalions S.C.	IIAWAH

See Appendix I for detailed list of garrison forces.

Appendix B

(Ship Based Aircraft Included)

	PHASE V June- Aug 1944	PHASE VI Sept-Nov 1944	PHASE VIII Feb-May 1945
TYPE	FORAGER	STALEMATE	CAUSEWAY
BB	7	8	8
CB			2
CV	7	8	11
CVL /	8	8	7
CA	9	9	11
CL	11	12	14
CLAA	۷,	4	3
C BB	7	8	8
CVE (combat)	11	16	32
(transport	For A/C) 3	4	9
DD	136	142	180
DE	28	30	42
AM	10	10	12
DMS	10	10	10
YMS	. 24	. 24	24
PC-PCS	26	24	36
SC	10	12	24
AT	6	6	12
ŃΝ	4	4	4
ARS	22	2	2
ARL.	1	1	2
ARB	1	1	2
AO_	21	· 2]	32
ΛE	5	5	7
SS	12	12	18
ΛV	2	3	2
ΛVP	3	1 4	2
VAD	3	3	3

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TYPE	FORAGER	STALEMATE	CAUSEWAY	
AGC	2	33	77	
APA	41	42	120 🔩	
AP(fast)	15	10	0	***
APD	12	15	18	
AKA	13	12	39	
AK(fast)	11	<u> </u>	0	
LSD	7	7	88	·
AP(initial garris	on) 15	9	18	
AK(initial garris	on) 31	11	22	
LST	86	100	200	
LCI(FS)	36	36	42	
LCI	12	18	18	
LCT	40	40	50	
LSM		18	72	
LCC	20	26	42	1133
LVT(cargo)	1454 *	1248 *	1872 *	
LVT(tank)	336 *	300 *	450 *	
DUKW	450 *	400 *	600 *	
VF (CV-CVL)	364	400	494	
VSB (CV-CVL)	252	288	396	
VTB (CV-CVL)	198	216	261	
VF (CVE)	154	224 —	448	- Angelow
VTB (CVE)	99	144	288	

^{*} Plans contemplate using LVT battalions and DUKW companies on alternate operations insofar as practicable. Anticipated requirements for replenishment of vehicles are as follows:

LVT's - Normal replenishment of 25% per quarter. LVT's (cargo) - Operational replenishment of 40% for each operation.

for each operation.

LVT's (tank) - Operational replenishment of 75% for each operation.

DUKW's - Normal replenishment of 7% per month.

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Ships and Small Craft in Local Naval Defense Forces

TYPE	FORAGER	STALEMATE	CAUSEWAY
	Fleet Support	ted Units in Forwar	d Area
ΛV	2	3	, 2
Λ V P	4	. 4	4
ARD			1
DD	9	9	18
DE	6	6 .	12
LST		10	20
$M\Lambda$	4	4	8
AR			2
VN	3	4	6
ΤA	2	6 .	4
AD			4
	Ba	se Supported Units	•
PC	3	6	12
PCS	10	6	12
SC	. 11	10	12
PT			48
YMS	24	12	24
ARB	1 /	1	2
ARL	ı	1	2
LCI(FS)	6	6	12
LCT *	40	40	100
LCM *	100	80	120
LCVP *	160	120	180
LCP (L) or	(R)* 16		

^{*} The Advance Base Plan should provide for housing of personnel of the boat pool. Consideration should also be given to housing LCT crews (1 officer, 15 men each) and Group Commanders.

The logistic support, including potable water and hospital facilities, of the base supported units will be provided for in the fleet logistic plan during the assault phase and in the bases' logistic plans thereafter. It is anticipated that the forces initially assigned will be reduced as the localities concerned become rear areas.



Appendix C

CENTRAL PACIFIC AIRCRAFT REQUIREMENTS (Squadrons)

				VSB/	/					PΒ			
		VF	VF(N)			PB(ML)	VBH	VBM	VD	(MS)	VR	VLR	VH
	75 7	10	7 /2							7	٦		
	15 June 15 Sept	10 7	$\frac{1/2}{1/2}$	6 6	2 2		4			<u>1</u>	$-\frac{1}{1}$		
MAIIAWAH	15 Feb	7	$\frac{1/2}{1/2}$	6	2					$\frac{1}{1}$	i		
		$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{1/2}{1/2}$	6	2	·				$-\frac{1}{1}$	- †		
AREA	15 Mar		1/4										
	15 Apr	7	1/2	6	2					-1	1		
	15 June	7	1/2	6	2					1	1		
	15 June	7	1	5	2	2		4	2	4	2		
	15 Sept	7	1	4	2	2	2		1	4	2		
FILBERTS	15 Feb	4		2	2	2	2			2	2		
MARSHALLS	15 Mar	2		2	1	1				2	2		
	15 Apr	2		2	1	1.				1	2		
< " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	15 June	2		2	1	1				1	2		
	15 June	7	1-1/2	2	2	2	8		1	2	2		1
	15 Sept	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{1-1/2}{1-1/2}$	2	2	2	2	 -	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{2}{2}$	12	
M				2	2	2	$\frac{2}{2}$			$\frac{2}{2}$	2	36	<u>i</u>
MARIANAS	15 Feb	4	1/2						1				
	15 Mar	4	1/2	2	2	2	4			2	2	36	
	15 Apr	4	1/2	2	2	2	- 4			2	2	36	
	15 June	4	1/2	2	2	2	4			2	2	12	
	15 Sept	7	1	2	2		8	4	1	2	1		
PALAU	15 Feb	4	1	2	2	·	8		T	2	1		
	15 Mar	2		2	2		4			1	1		-
	15 Apr	2		2	1			······································		1	1		
	15 June	2		2	ī			····		1	ī	·····	
· ·	16 17-1-	1 =	c		0			4			,		
noncos:	15 Feb	15	5	8	2			4		2		·	
FORMOSA	15 Mar	15	5	8	2		4	8	1	2	1	······································	7
AND AMOY	15 Apr	15	5	8	4		8	8	2	2	4		1
	15 June	15	5	8	4		8	8	2	2	. 4	24	1
	15 June	24	3	13	6	4	12	4	3	7.	5		1
TOTAL	15 Sept	28	4	14	8	`4	12	4	3	9	6	12	1
OPERATIONAL	15 Feb	31	7	20	10	4	12	4	2	9	6	36	ì
REQUIREMENTS	15 Mar	31	6	20	9	3	12	8	1	8	7	36	ì
	15 Apr	31	6	20	10	3	12	8	2	7	10	36	1
	15. June	31	-6	20	10	3	12	8	2	7	10	36	1
	15 June	6	1	3	2	1		0	1	2			1
	15 Sept	7	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	2	<u>†</u>	4	4	-	$\frac{2}{2}$	•	3	$-\frac{1}{1}$
DEA DV	15 Feb	12	3	- 4 5			_						
READY		12			3	1	4	4	1	2		6	<u></u>
RESERVE	15 Mar		3	5	3	1	4	4	1	2		6]
	15 Apr	12 12	3	5	3	1	4	4	1	2		6]
	15 June	12	3	5	3	1	Ĉ,	4	1	2	<u></u>	6	1
	15 June	30	4	16	8	5	16	4	4	9	5		2
			6	18	10	5	16	8	4	11	6	15	2
	15 Sept	35				·							
	15 Sept 15 Feb	46	10	25	13	5	16	8	3	11	6	42	2
TOTAL CENTRAL PACIFIC							16 16	8 12	3 2		6 7	42 42	2 2
CENTRAL	15 Feb	46	10	25	13	5				11 10 9			2 2 2

^{*} Total requirements VSB/VTB include 6 inshore patrol squadrons.

Bęśis:	heavy bomber	doo	Patrol seaplane		Hedium bomber	Heavy bomber	Medium search	Heavy search	VSB/VTB	Vr(N) Fighters night	40.3				è
Army:		8		63	42	12				Н.	9	A	1	1	
y			11	10			6	6	17		80	N	15 Ju	FOR AGER	
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Units as			co	C3 :			12	77	12			z	15	CAU	PACIFIC
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s of 30 April]	36	တ	ස	က	19	12	12	7	44	œ	57	Tot	45		AREA
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•	36	⋈		82	F. 7	12				ר	9	A			
			10	C1 :			13	13	22			Z	15 J	CAU	
		6		เง	14				33	7	46	z	June	Ħ	
	36	ω	10	7	18	12	13	13	45	σ.	55	Tot	45	X	
						•	- -32-	•							

Navy:

Total allocated to CenPac and SoPac by CominCh serial 001156 13 April 1944, less squadrons estimated to be re-forming and less 3 PB(MS) and 4 VOS allocated to SoPac by JCS 713/5.

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REQUIREMENTS (INCLUDING RESERVE) vs. AVAILABILITY

VF Fighters	15 Req	ORAGE June Avai	R 1944 1 Bal	ST 15 Req	STALEMATE Sept 19 eq Avail 43	E 944 Bal	CA 15 46	Feb Avai	NY	CA 15 Req	CAUSEWAY 5 March eq Avail	7 1945 1 Bal	15 Req	CAUSEWAY April 1 Avail	1945 Ba1 7 15	CAUSEWAY 15 June 19 Req Avail 42 55	AUSE June Ava
Fighters	30	40	£ 10	S 5	43	-	46	45		42	. 57	١.	42	57	į		31
VF(N) Ftrs. Night	4	ر ت	- 1	0	6		10	8	8	9	8	1 1	9	တ	, l ,		9
VSB/VTB	16	40	7 24	18	36	7 18	25	35	+ 10	25	44	1 19	25	44	19	25	15
PB(HL) Heavy Search	ω	6	ا ا ا	10	G	i ,	13	6	- 7	12	7	1 ·	13	7	6	13	13
PB(ML) Medium Search	01	6	7 7	ن ت		9 7	5	11	7 6	4	12	8	4	12.	1 8		4>
Heavy Bomber	16	12	4	16	12	4.2	16	12	Z.	16	12	1 .	16	72	1 A	16	S
Medium Bomber	4	10	7 6	ß	12.	4 4	ω	10	8	27.	19	7 7	12	19	7 7	12	100
oto.	; 4 ₁	5	, 1	HZ ·	6	7 2	3	7	4 4	10	8	9 7	3	8	5		S
PB(IIS & MS) Patrol seapl	9	11	1 2	11	12	- 1	11	ت ت	1 -	10	Ω	2	9	B	1 ·	9	
Troop carrier	5	œ	7 3	6	တ	1 2	o	æ	1 2	-7	σ	7	10	8	1 ·	OT.	
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Appendix "I"

GARRISON FORCES

PART I - STALEMATE

TYPE OF UNIT	NU	MBER OF UNITS	- STRENGTH
	Army	Navy	Marine
Area Command and Staff, in- cluding Civil Affairs	250	250	
UNITS REHABILITATING	•		
Inf Divs (reinforced)	244,000		
GARRISON AIR UNITS			·
See Appendix C	7,509	761	2,618
SIGNAL UNITS .			
AWSq or Argus			2468
AWBn (3 Cos)	1750		
Comm. Unit (N)		1300	
Comm. Unit (A-N)	2851	(2851)	The second of th
Sig Teams	6 63		
Sig Constr Co	3603		
Sub-total	2,267	300	468
ANTI-AIRCRAFT ARTILLERY UNIT	<u>s</u> .		
Bns AAA	22,500		22,500
COAST DEFENSE UNITS			
Bns 155 gun (SC) (less heavy equipment)	42,720		
ENGINEER UNITS			`
Avn Engr Bns	43,228	·	
Constr Bns	1 944	•	
Dump Trk Co	1 114		
Grp Hq	1 97		
Hv Shop Co	1 178		

App. I; Part I - STALE MATE

	•		
	Army	Navy	Marine
Maint Co	1200		
Parts Supply Det	1 59		
Dep Co	1218		
Sub-total	5,038	•	
QUARTERMASTER UNITS			
Trk Bns (9 Cos)	21,089		
Serv Bn (8 Cos)	21,790	Norman of the state of the sta	
Gr Reg Co	1 130		
Port Bn (5 Cos)	11,084	,	
· Hq & Hq QM			
Base Depot	1 154		
Dep Sup Co	194	-	
Salv Repair Co	12 301		,
Laundry Cos	2 547		•
Bkry Cos	2 336		
Plat Sales Co	1 60		•
Marine Dep			11,600
Sub-total -	5,685		1,600
ORDNANCE UNITS			
Hq & Hq Det Ord Bn	1 25		
Bomb Disposal Squads	4 28	•	•
Hv Maint Co (FA)	2 396	,	
Dep Co	1 186		•
Am Cos	2 372		
Plat Tire Rep Co	1 60		
Sub-total	1,067		
MEDICAL UNITS			•
Gen Hosp (1,500 bed)	1 903		
Gen Hosp (1,000 bed)	1 662		
Med Dep Unit	1 10		
Dispensary G-4 (200 bed)		1189	
Sub-total	1,575	189	
	-35-	App. I; Part	I - STALEMAT

Totals by Services	77,072	20,903	6,597
		•	•
Miscellaneous		13,015	368
Aviation Service	4,461	4,788	643
Medical	1,575	189	
Ordnance	1,067		
Quartermaster	5,685	1,600	
Engineer	5 , 038		
Coast Defense	2,720		
AA Artillery	2,500		2,500
Signal	2,267	300	468
Garrison Air Forces (See Appendix C)	7,509	761	2,618
Units Rehabilitating	44,000		
Area Commanders and Staffs	250	250	
	Army	Navy	Marine
SUMMARY	- PALAU GARI	RISON	
Sub-total		13,015	368
DUKW Cos			2368
F-1 Constr En (Sp)		1 254	
Gropac		1 600	
E-1 Combined AR-AD		1 764	
Pancake Engine Overhaul		1 30	
SLCU		1 441	
Amphibious Boat Pool		31,557	
Cub (w/CBs & CB Spec)		29,369	
MISCELLANEOUS UNITS			
Sub-total	4,461	4,788	643
Casu NATS Facilities Hq Sq & Serv Sq		21,216	1643
Acorn (w/CBs)		23,472	2
Avn Serv Gp	34,461		
AVIATION SERVICE UNITS			
The second section of the second section of the second sec	Army	Navy	Marine

-36- App. I; Part I - STALEMATE



PART II - CAUSEWAY

NUMBER OF UNITS - STRENGTH

TYPE OF UNIT		FORMOSA	Į		YOMA	
	Army	Navy	Marine	Army	Navy	Marine
Hq & Hq Co & Sp Trs	21212		12000			12000
Not listed else where	-					
Includes person nel for civil affairs						
AAA UNITS						
Hq & Hq Btry AAA Brig	1 74					
Hq & Hq Btry AAA Gp	2 142					
AAA Gun Bn(SM)	85160					
AAA S/L Bn(SM)	21706					
AAA Bn AW (SM)	75033			!		
AA Bns, Marine			22200			44400
Sub Total	12115		2200			4400
ARTILLERY UNITS						
Hq & Hq Btry FA Brig	1 103					
Hq & Hq Btry FA	4 392		1 98			1 98
155mm How Bn	42124		31950			31950
4.5" or 155mm Gun Bn	21062		32211			32211
FA Obsn Bn (A)	21010					
155mm Gun SP (FA)	42024					
8" or 240 How Br	42324					
155mm (SC) Bn (SM)	42152					31584
Sub Total	11191		4259		, .	5843 .



	<u> </u>	ORMOSA			YOMA	
TYPE OF UNIT	Army	Navy	Marine	Army	Navy	Marine
TANK DESTROYER		·				
Hq & Hq Co TD Gp	1 74					
TD Bns	21342			1 671		
Sub Total	1416			671		
TANKS						
Hq & Hq Det TK Gp	1 101		·			
TK Bns	43004	(One l	Med TK Bn MarDiv.)	included	organic	ally in
		······································	*			<u> </u>
Sub Total	3105					
ORDNANCE UNITS						
Gp Hq & Hq Det	1 53					
Bn Hq & Hq Det	8 200					
BombDisposal Sqd	6 42		•			
Hv Maint (FA)Co	3 594					
Hv Maint TK Co	2 420					
Dep Co	3 558					
Maint Co AA	2 326					
M Auto Maint Co*	3 360					
Hv Auto Maint Co	1 211					i.
Tire Rep Plat	1 39				•	
Am Co*	61116					
MM Co*	111859					
Sub Total	5778					
				•	•	

Note: * Medium Maintenance for Marine Corps Units performed by Mar. Field Depot, reinf.

	FORM	IOSA		AM	ЮY	
TYPE OF UNIT	Army	Navy	Marine	Army	Navy	Marine
SIGNAL UNITS						
JASCO's	41512		2 758			31137
Sig Ens	21654		1 781			1 781
Sig Rep Co	1 188				:	
Photo Plat	1 50	,				
Rad Int Co	1 259					
Joint Com Cen	1 500				1 350	
Sig Dep Co	1 191					
Sig Cons Bn	21190*	*		1- 595		
Cable Ships***						
Cable Barges Shallow						
Draft***	2			·		
Sub Total	5544		1539	595	350	1918
Note: ** One (1) S *** Floating	Signal Cor Equipment	nstructi	on Bn (A)	to accom	npany Cabi	le Ship.
QUARTERMASTER UNITS	<u>3</u>					
Gas Sup Co*	2 256					
Serv Bns	54705					
Trk Regt	11635					
Ster Cos	2 318					
Car Co	1 135					
Dep Co (Sup)	4 776		,			
Mar. Serv Co			1 258			1 258
Mar. Ldry Co			1 268			1 268
Mar. Mtr T Bn			1 628			1 628
Mar. Salv Co			1 118			1 118
Gr Reg Co	2 260					
Salv Coll Co	2 418					
Hq & Hq Co QM Base Dep	1 154					
Ldry Cos	3 819	_ 2	APP I	- PART I	II - CAUSI	EWAY



- 	- Sales	FORMO	SA		AMOY	
TYPE OF UNIT	Army	Navy	Marine	Army	Navy	Marine
QM UNITS (Cont'd)						
Salv Rep Co	3 603	i				
Bkry Co	61008					
Sales Co	1 178	;				
Sub Total	11265		1272			1272
Note: * To be inc	luded in	Marine 1	Field Dep	ot Reinf.		
MEDICAL UNITS						
Med Bns	2 930	:	1 461			1 461
Amb Co Mtz Sep	4 372					
Clr Co (Sep)	1 117					
Portable Surgical Hosp	4 148					
Evac Hosp(400 Bed)	3 888				•	
Field Hosp(380 Bed) 41008					
Med Lab	1 58					
Sn Co	4 468					
Med Dep Co	1 178					•
Field Hosp (N) (600 bed)		2 700*	k	1	350*	
Mbl Hosp(1500 bed)		21294		3	1941	
Gen Hosp(1000 bed)	42568					· .
Sta Hosp(500 Bed)	2 702			·		
Sta Hosp(250 Bed)	2 384					
Med Storehouse (N)				1	55	
Malaria Control Unit	4 48			1.	12	
Optical Unit (N)				1	3	
Malaria Surv Unit	4 52					
Hq Med Serv	1 120					
Sub Total	7041	1994	461		2361	461

Note: * Total of three field hospitals, Navy, for assignment to support two Marine Amphibians as required by situation.

THE REAL PROPERTY.		FORMOSA		1	AMOY	
TYPE OF UNIT	Army	Navy	Marine	Army		Marine
TRANSPORTATION U					TO THE PARTY OF TH	
Ry Opng Bn	1848					
Port Hq & Hq Co	·					
Port Bn (4 Cos each)	43600	5				
CB Special (F-1)	1	* 1 944			4 *- 3776	
Sub-total	4967	944			3776	
	Special (Depot Reir		rate with	each N	Marine Amph.	Corps
ENGINEER UNITS						
Engr Hq	2144					,
Hq & Hq Co Engr Gp	7595		184			184
Engr C Bn or Equiv	127968	4(CB's	s*)1750		3 CB's* 3342	1750
Topo Co	1125		1125			1125
Topo Bn	1445					
Water Sup Co	2282					
Dep Co	2388					
Dp Trk Co	8912			,		
Hv Shop Co	2356			ĺ		
Hv Pon Bn	41584		•			
L Pon Co	81624					
Treadway Bridge Co	2288					
Maint Co **	2362		:			
Gen Cons:						
Cons Bn	109440	44456		,	55570	
Gen Serv Regt	11321					
AFId Cons:						
C.B.		66684			66684	

App. I; Part II - CAUSEWAY

		FORMOS.	<u> </u>		AMOY	·
TYPE OF UNIT	Army	Navy	Marine	Army	Navy	Marine
Engr Units Cont'd						
Avn Engr Regt	38103					
Avn Engr Bn	21614		,			
Mbl SL Maint Plat	1 36					
Light Equipment Co	2 246					
Hq & Hq Co Base Dep Gp	1 75					•
Petroleum Dist Co	1 228					
Base Equip Co	1 184					
Parts Sup Co	1 182					
Firefighting Plat	6 174					
Forestry Co	2 326					-
Sub-total	37002	15596	959		15596	959

* Navy CB's attached to each Marine Amph Corps as Corps Troops.

** Marine Engr Maint Co to be included Mar Field Depots Reinf.,
in addition to other CB requirements. Note:

		**	4	
AVN SERV UNITS	;			,
Serv Gps	34680			
Dep Gps (Air)	12491			
Serv Gp (Spec) (VLR)	85960			
Dep Gp (Spec) (VLR)	22298			
Patsu		1316	1316	
AW Sqs (M)		3690		2460
Hq & Serv Sq (MAG)		42600		42600
Acorn (Less CB*) (Seaplane)		1497	1497	
Acorn (Less CB*) (Landplane)		1503	1503	
Casu		2840	1420	
AACS Det (include 7 towers)	es 1 87	·	·	

App. I; Part II - CAUSEWAY

		FORMOS	SA		AMOY	
TYPE OF UNIT	my	Navy	Marine	Army	Navy	<u> Marine</u>
Avn Serv Units (C	Cont'd)					
AACS Det			•		132	
Sig Co Avn	1181					
Sig Cons Co Avn	1228					· •
Sig Co Wg (VLR)	2356	·				
Sig Co Serv Gp Spec (VLR)	8-3328					
Sig Co Serv Gp	2200					
ßig Co Dep Avn (V	/LR) 2904	,				
Sig Co Dep Avn (VBH-VBM)	1226					
Sub-total	20939	2156	3290		1768	3060
Note: * CB's of Units.	Acorns and	d Cubs	included :	in CB's l	isted und	der Engr
SPECIAL UNITS			٠.			
MP Bn	1566					
MP Co	1197		1101			1101
LVT(C) Bn *	104970	,				94284
LVT(Tk) Bn *	21554		1846			1846
DUKW Co (Amph Trk Co)**	122208			61104		
Base Post Office	1 98					
Base Censorship Det	1136					
Field Dep <u>Reinf</u> Mar			13000			13000
Mar Serv Comd Gp			1 98			
Mar Air Delivery Sec			2172			
Hq & Hq Co Serv Comd	1335					
Sub-total	10064		4217	1104		8231
Note: * Shown in	n recenitu	lation	as part o	: f E v nedit	ionary T	orge

Note: * Shown in recapitulation as part of Expeditionary Force and Corps Trs.

** Shown in recapitulation as part of Service and Construction

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Units.





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A DECEMBER OF THE PROPERTY OF	AL	FORMOSA	·····		AMOY	
TYPE OF UNIT	Army	Navy	Marine	Army	Navy	Marine
CHEMICAL WARFARE UN		cluded in recapitul		Units		
Decon Co	1170					•
Lab Co	1 59					
Smoke Gener Co	2270			2270	·	
Maint Co	1123					
Dep Co	1184					
Cml Processing Co	1146			1146		
Sub-total	952			416		
ADDITIONAL NAVAL U	VITS					
Gropac		11100				
Standard PT Unit		1 282			1282	
Material Recovery Unit	•	1 25		·	1 25	
Standard Landing Craft Unit		31320				
Communication Unit Navy		3 381			51069	
Cub (Less CB's*)		11692				
Lion (Less CB's*)					13853	
P-8, Port Devel Uni		l-includ. in Cub)		(l-includ. in Lion)	
Naval Supply Depot				(l-includ. in Lion)	
Sub-total		4800			5229	

Note: * CB's in Cubs and Lions included in CB's listed under Engr Units.

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COLUMN

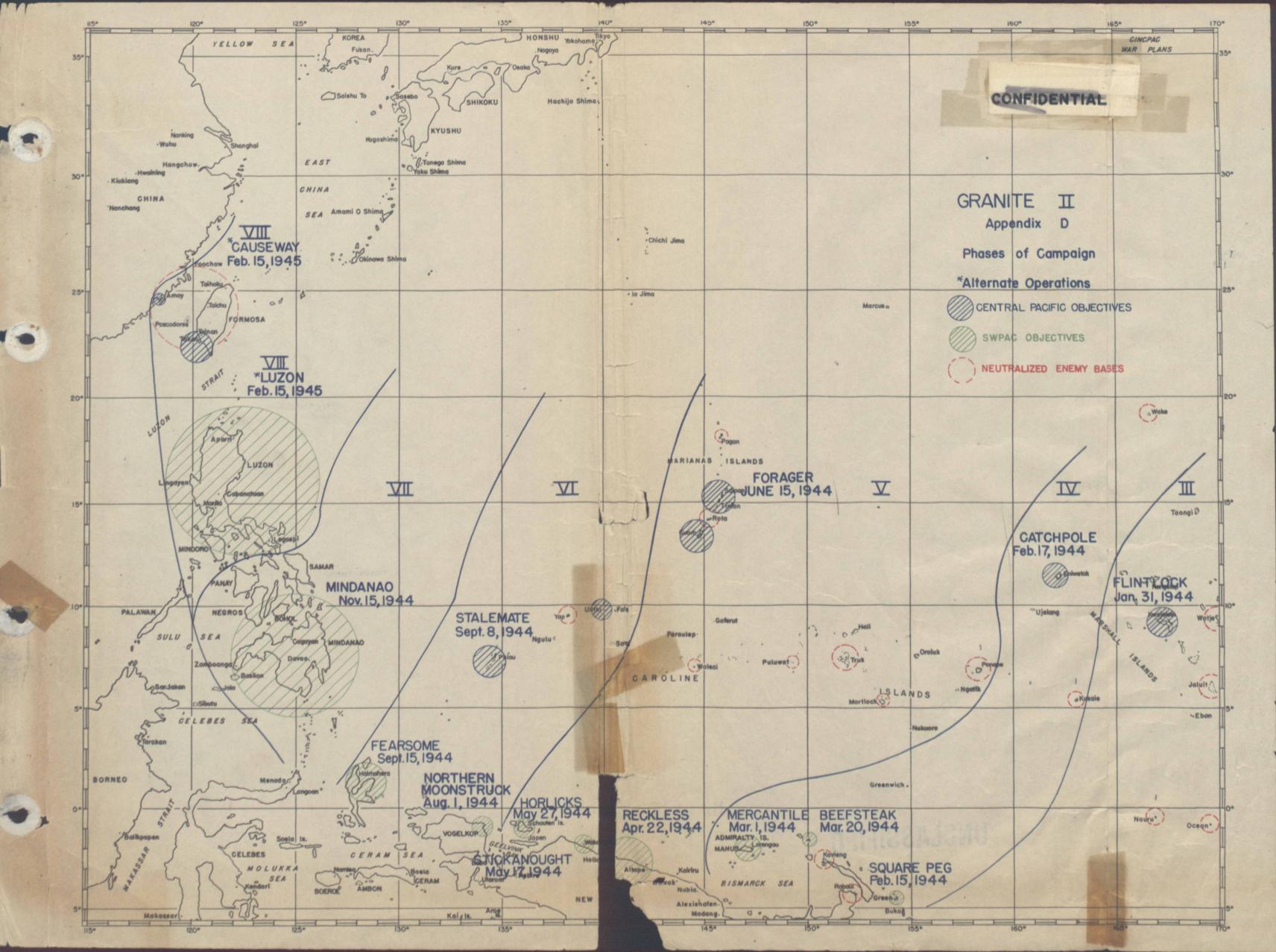
RECAPITULATION

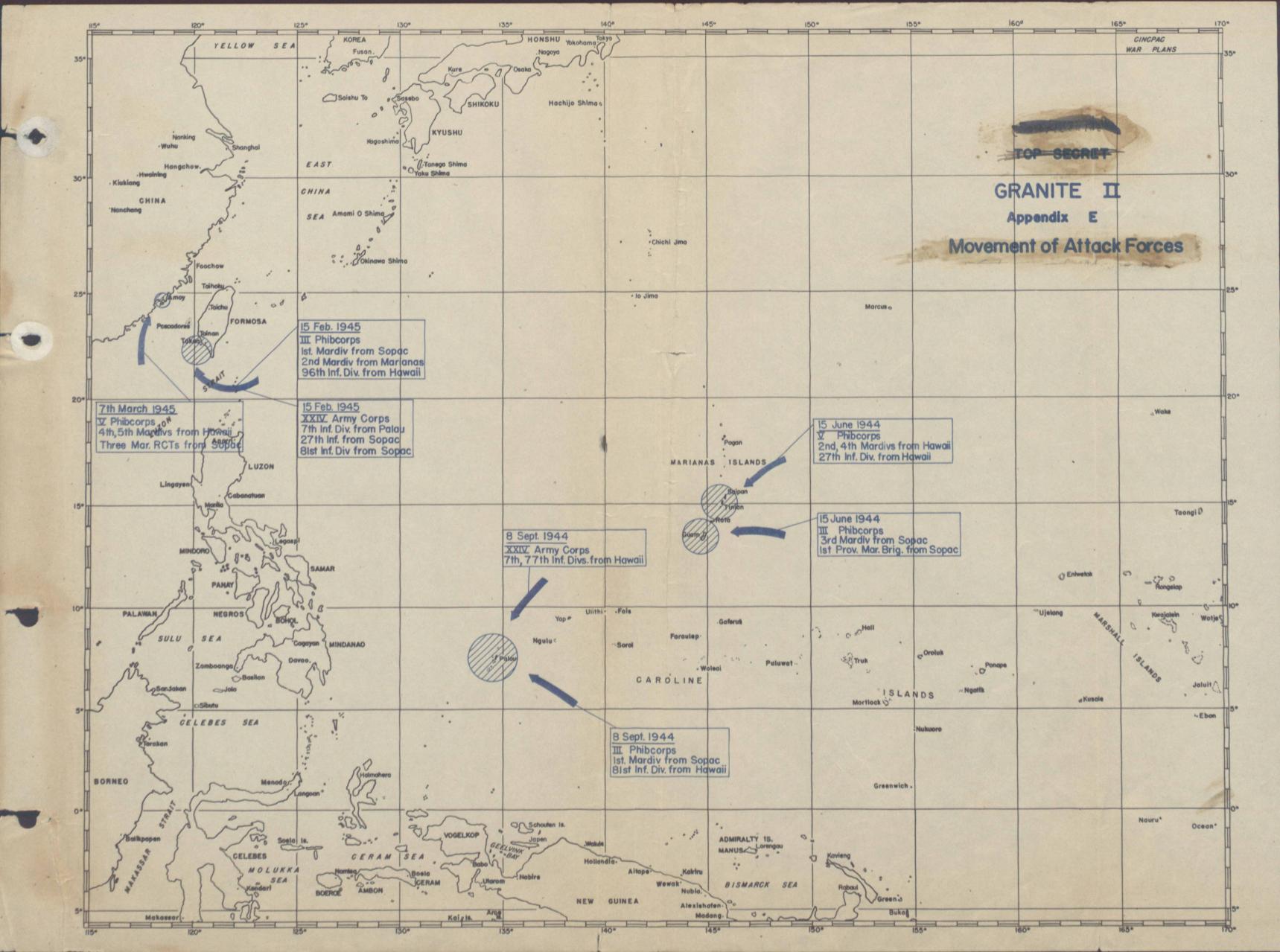
TROOPS		FORMOSA		AMCY								
	Army	Navy	Marine	Army	Navy	Marine						
<pre>xpeditionary Ford and Corps Troops (non-divisional)</pre>	1	·	10844	1266	350	19291						
ivisions	56952		36288			54432	-					
ervice and Con- struction	90200	20690	5982	1104	23501	5752						
ectical Air Force Units (See Apper dix C)		810	4909			5429						
pecial Units	2284		3371	416		3101						
dditional Naval Units		4800			5229	-	سمنت					
TOTAL	216,871	26,300	61,394	2,786	29,080	88,005	/					

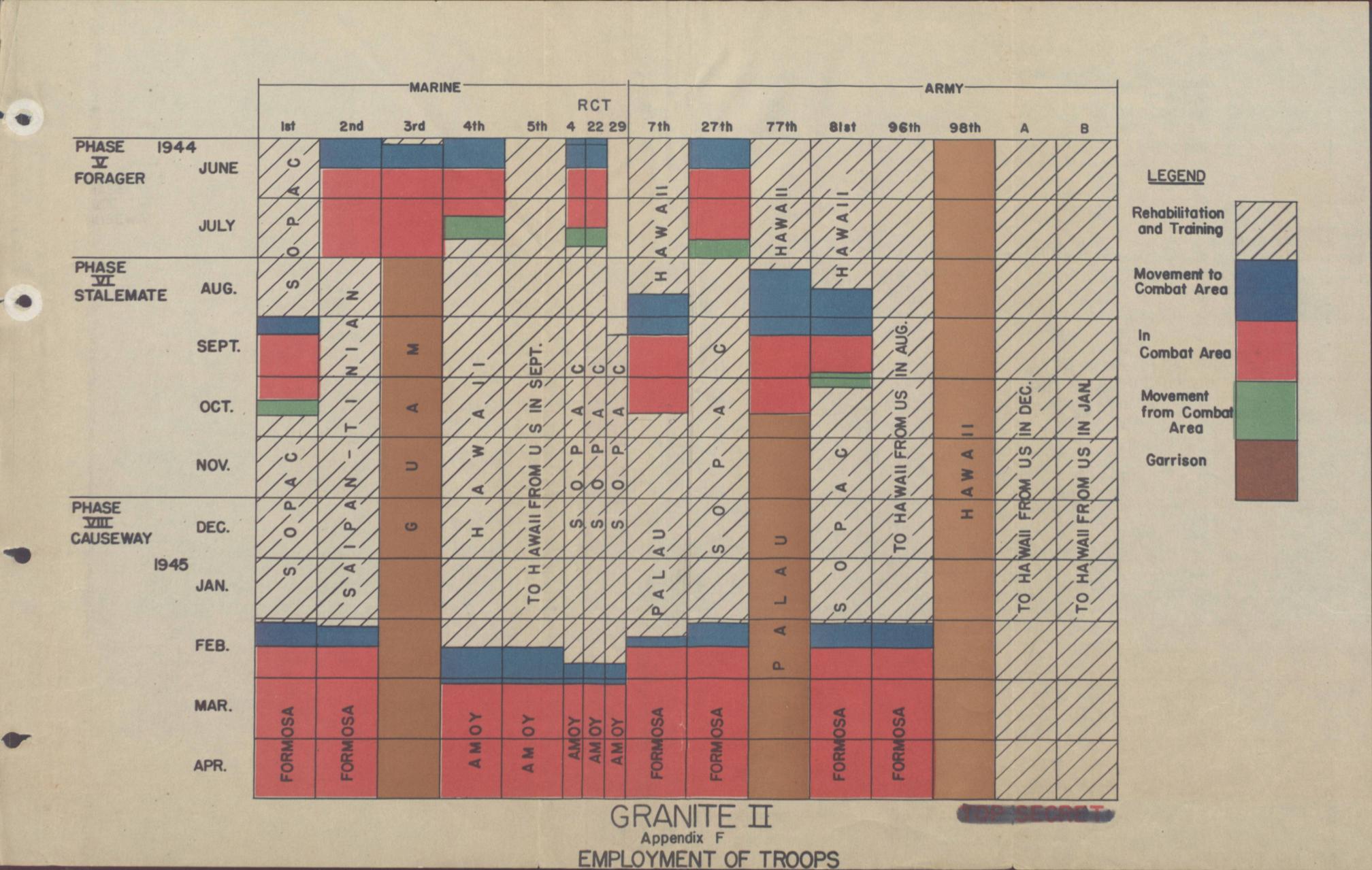
TOTAL AREA: <u>FORMOSA</u> - 304,565

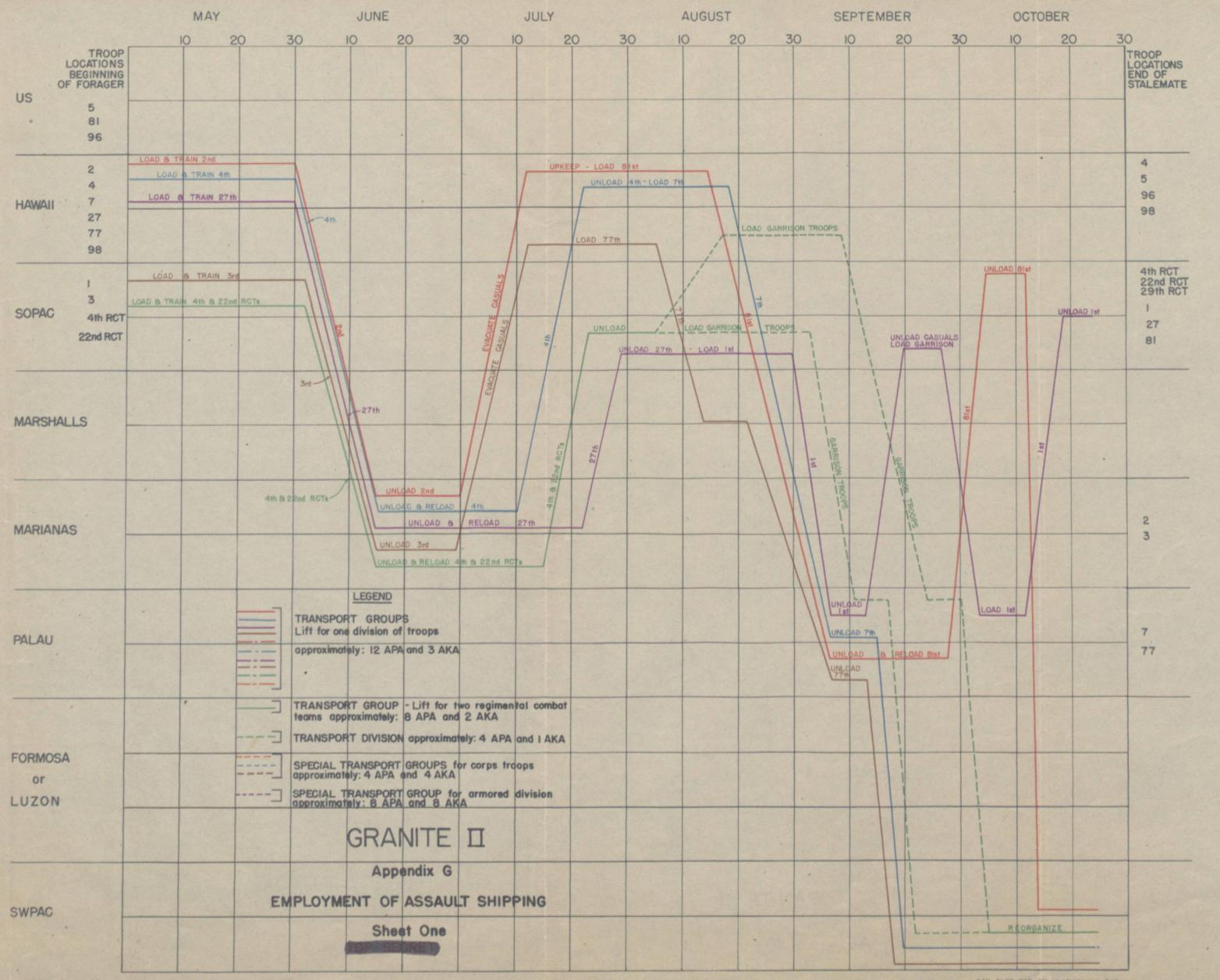
<u>AMOY</u> - 119,871

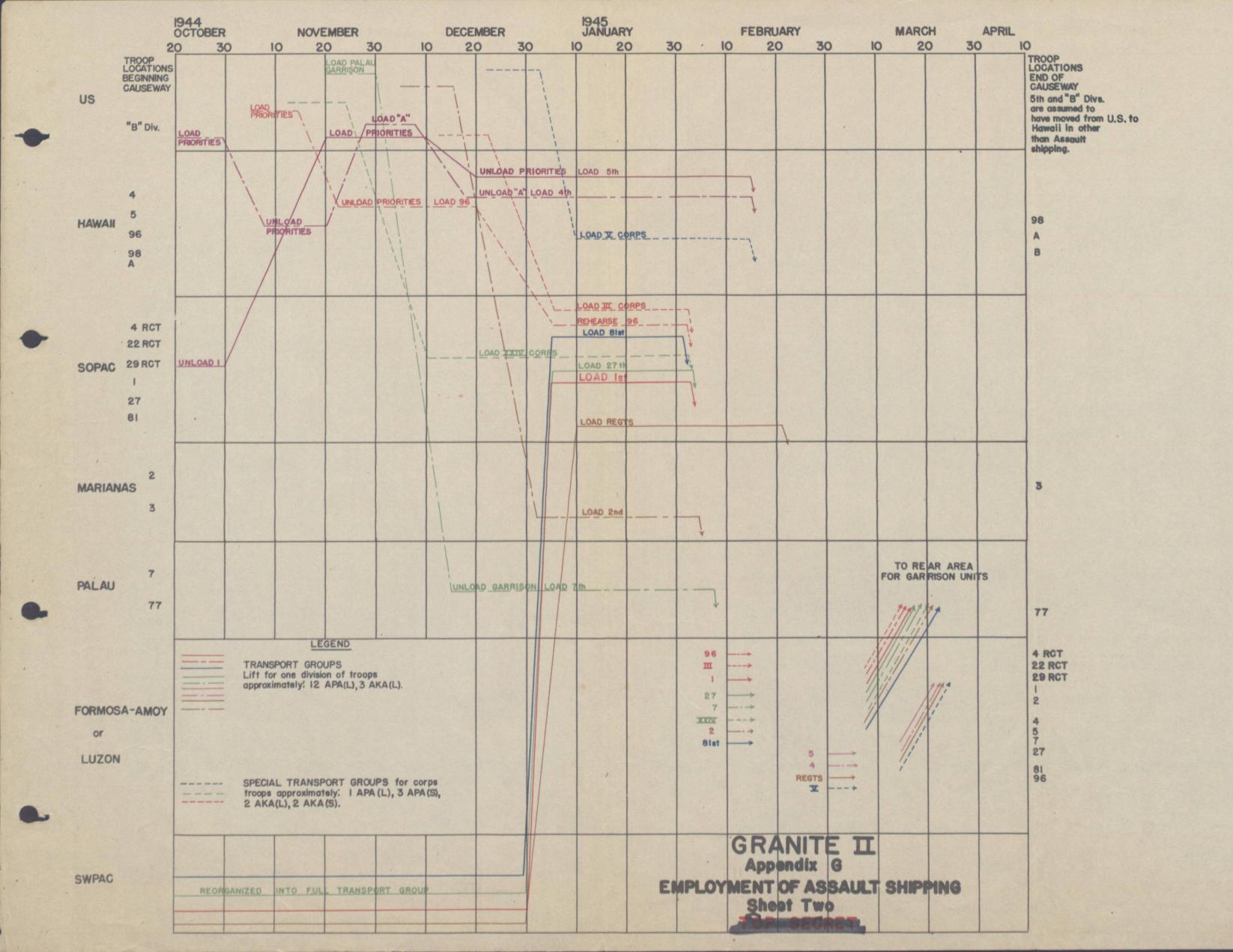
GRAND TOTAL: CAUSEWAY - 424,436











ESTIMATED SHIPPING REQUIREMENTS

Appendix H

Total Shipping Requirements for Stalemate are substantially as previously stated, but have been adjusted by Months in order to avoid unusual Peak Loads, and in order to Conform to Estimated unloading Capacities of Ports and Beaches.

Later Intelligence might alter: The concept of operations, the size of assault or garrison forces, the target dates, and the mission of captured bases. Any of these Alterations will alter Total Shipping Requirements, and Monthly allocations, therefore these Figures must be regarded as Estimates and not as Final Requirements.

	Assault Troops in Assault Ships	AP	JUNE Personnel 90,000	AP	JULY Personnel	AP	UGUST Personnel (454,000	SEF	PTEMBER Personnel O	OC.	TOBER Personnel		VEMBER Personnel	DEC	Personnel O	JANUARY AP Person (-) 4,00	nel AP	BRUARY Personnel		ARCH Personnel		Personnel O	AP	Personnel O	(Remarks)
	Garrison in Assault Ships		10,000		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	0		0		0		0	
FORAGER	Garrison in WSA Ships	13	19,000	17	26,000	9	13,0.00	7	11,000	1	2000		0		0		0	0		0		0		0	
	VLR Personnel in WSA Ships	2	2,400	2	3,300	6	9,600	3	4,100	4	5,500	3	4,100	2	3,900	100	0	0		0		0		0	
	VLR Personnel by Air		0		0		0		0		3,700		1,800		1,600	1,80		1,600		145.400		140400		0	
WSA Monthly Page	Previous Total Carried Forward _ uirements & Cumulative Total Personnel	15	121,400	19	121,400	15	150,700	10	134,400	5	134,400	3	145,600	2	151,500	157,00	THE RESERVE TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	144,800		146,400		146,400		146,400	
May Mountly Lede	Assault Troops in Assault Ships	13	121,400	19	150,700	10	113,300	10	72,000	,	0	3		-	0			000,000		0		0 0		004,041	
	Garrison in Assault Ships								10,000		12,000		(-)36,000		0	(-)14,00	0	0		0		0		0	
STALEMATE	보통 그리고 그는 그리고 있는데 그리고 있는데 그를 하는데 그리고 있다면 하는데 그를 보고 있다.							9	13,500	6	9,000	10	15,000	2	3,000		0	0		0		0		0	
	Previous Total Carried Forward _								0		95,500		116,500		95,500	98,50	00	84,500		84,500		84,500		84,500	
WSA Monthly Rea	uirements & Cumulative Total Personnel	15 124						9	95,500	6	116,500	10	95,500	2	98,500	84,50		84,500		84,500		84,500		84,500	
	Assault' Troops in Assult Ships																			ENTERNA DE					
	Garrison in Assault Ships																	108,000		54,000		0		90,000	
CAUSEWAY	Garrison in WSA Ships																18	27,000	20	30,000	20	30,000	20	30,000	
	Previous Total Carried Forward																	0		147,000		237,000		267,000	
WSA Monthly Reg	uirements & Cumulative Total Personnel					Newspe										N. B. WELL	18	147,000	20	237,000	20	267,000	20	387,000	
	AP Sailings Required Forward Areas	15		19		15		19		11		13		4		0	18		20		20		20		
			2/2/2005																						
		AK	Tons	AK	Tons	AK	Tons	AK	Tons	AK	Tons	AK	Tons	AK	Tons	AK Tons	AK	Tons	AK	Tons	AK	Tons	AK	Tons	
,	Garrison & VLR Maintenance in AK Garrison & VLR Equipment in Assault Ship		98,000	17	150,700	13	119,300	15	134,400	16	145,600	17	151,500	18	157,000	16 144,80	0 16	146,400	16	146,400	16	146,400	16	146,400	
FORAGER.	Garrison & VLR Equipment in AP		45,000		57,000		45,000		30,000		15,000		9,000		6,000		0	0		0		0		0	
	Garrison & VLR Equipment in AK	18	162,000	23	207,000	20	180,000	25	225,000	10	90,000	2	18,000	3	27,000	2 18,00	0 1	9,000		0		0		0	Total Equipment
	Total Equipment		305,000		264,000		225,000		255,000		105,000		27,000	No. of the	33,000	_18,00	The second secon	9,000		0		0			1,241,000
WSA Monthly Requ	uirements & Gumulative Total Personnel	31	426,400	40	414,700	33	343,000	40	389,400	26	250,600	19	178,500	21	190,000	18 162,80	0 17	155,400	16	146,400	16	146,400	16	146,400)
	Garrison Maintenance in AK							11	95,500	13	116,500	11	95,500	11	98,500	9 84,50	9	84,500	9	84,500	9	84,500	9	84,500	
	Garrison Equipmement in Assault Ships								84,000		14,000		0		0		0	0		0		0		0	
STALEMATE	Garrison Equipment in AP Garrison Equipment in AK							0	27,000	3	18,000	18	30,000	13	6,000	17 153,00	0 7	63,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	Total Equipment
	Total Equipment								_111,000		59,000		192,000	10	123,000	153.00		63,000		_ 0	0	_ 0	0		2Equipment 2701,000
WSA Monthly Requi	irements & Total Monthly Tonnage							11	206,500	16	175,500	29	287,500	24	221,500	26 237,50	0 16		9	84,500	9	84,500	9	84,500	
	Garrison & VLR Maintenance in AK																16	147,000	26	237,000	30	267,000	43	387,000	Approx. half
	rrison & VLR Equipment in Assault Ships Garrison & VLR Equipment in AP																	126,000		36,000		60000		120,000	of Equipment landed.
CAUSEWAY	Garrison & VLR Equipment in AK																6	54,000 54,000	22	60000	45	60,000	32	60,000	
	Total Equipment																	234,000		294,000		465,000		468,000	date.) 1,461,000
	irements & Total Monthly Tonnage																, 22	381,000	48	531,000	75	732,000	75	855,000	
	r Naval Support Hawaii & Marshalls tions for SoPac (SoPac Estimate)	25		22		23		27		31		30		31		32	25		25		25		25		
	ons for SwPac (SwPac Estimate)	12		14		12		12		10		10		10		10 Projected	17		17		17		17		
		52		51		48		55		65		57	7 1000	60		59	50		50		50		50		
Grand Total	WSA Cargo Ship (AK)	83	100	91		81		106		107		105		105		103	105		123		150		150+		This figure shoul
Requiremen	ts (Navy) (Sailings)					31						100		100		.00	100		123		100		1304		continue at about
	Based on Dates of Arrival;																								until October.
	uld therefore be Allocated on lown in this Column.	MAY		JUNE		JULY	A	UGUST	SE.	PTEMB	ER O	CTOBEF	R NO	OVEMBI	ER DE	ECEMBER	JANUA	RY	FEBRUA	RY	MARCH		APRIL		
months Sh	III ilia Columi.																		CHARLE !		MADE IN COLUMN				

Note 1- Equipment for Forager based on 6.5 Tons per Man plus 300,000 Tons VLR & Naval Base Equipment, Equipment for Causeway based on 6.5 Tons per Man plus 300,000 Tons VLR & Naval Base Equipment.

Note 2- Maintenance Tonnage based on 1 Ton per Man per Month.

Note 6- All Estimates are for Monthly Sailings and are in addition to Continuing Requirements for Retentions in the Central Pacific for Fleet support and Intra-Area Shipping These are:

Navy AK 19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	. 19	19
WSA AK 6											
C1-M-AV1'sO	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0_	_ 0		_ 3_	4	6	_7_	88	9
C1-M-AV1's 0 Total AK 25		30		35	35	35	35	35	40	40	40
	22		26			26				30	

Note 3- Ship Capacities Estimated as follows: AP=1500 Men, 3000 M.T. Cargo; APA=1500, 1000 M.T. Cargo; AK=9000 M.T. Cargo; AKA=3000 M.T. Equipment Cargo.

Note 4- VLR Personnel & Cargo Requirements Based on Army Air Force Estimates for 12 Groups B-29 in Forager, 8 Groups Initially in Causeway.

Note 5- AP Requirements Do Not include Estimates for Hawaii, SoPac, or SwPac as they vary widely and are not accurately predictable.